

Thrivent Government Bond Portfolio

Ticker QTGBPX

Inception June 14, 1995

Objective The Portfolio seeks total return, consistent with preservation of capital.

Portfolio key points

Thrivent Government Bond Portfolio invests in high-quality fixed-income securities and is designed to provide income and capital preservation.

High-quality portfolio designed for income

Thrivent Government Bond Portfolio is designed to provide income and capital preservation by investing in a high-quality portfolio of primarily U.S. government securities. This is one of the most liquid portions of the fixed income market. The Portfolio mainly has exposure to AAA-rated bonds, which historically have had low instances of default.

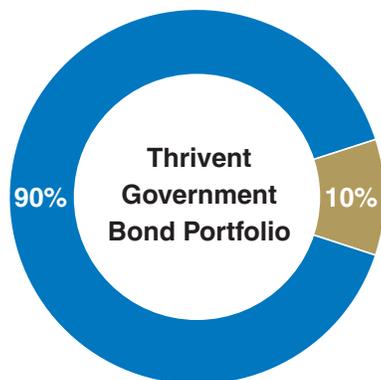
A variety of securities

While the portfolio managers invest at least 80% of the Portfolio in U.S. government securities, there are a variety of options to consider within this broad sector and beyond. The Portfolio has exposure to U.S. Treasury bonds and notes, U.S. agency bonds, and securitized assets such as agency mortgage-backed securities. The portfolio managers may also invest in higher-quality corporate bonds and may further diversify the portfolio by investing a small portion of the portfolio outside of the United States.

Portfolio positioning

The portfolio managers employ both fundamental and technical analysis to inform their views, and use derivatives to manage duration and yield curve positioning. While there typically will not be significant changes in exposure, the portfolio managers will adjust the portfolio's yield curve exposure and duration to match their macroeconomic views.

Portfolio long-term target allocations*



90% U.S. government securities

Treasury: Bonds and notes issued by the U.S. Treasury; inflation-protected securities issued by the U.S. Treasury

Securitized: Mortgage-backed securities issued by U.S. government-sponsored enterprises (GNMA, FMCC, FNMA)

Agency: Bonds issued by U.S. government federal agencies and government-sponsored enterprises

10% Other fixed-income securities

Corporate: Highly-rated U.S. corporate bonds

International: U.S. dollar denominated foreign government bonds

Cash

*Target allocations are subject to change.

Management



Kent L. White, CFA
 VP, Fixed Income Mutual Funds
 Industry since: 1999
 Thrivent since: 1999
 Portfolio since: 2023



Jon-Paul (J.P.) Gagne
 Senior Portfolio Manager
 Industry since: 2004
 Thrivent since: 2018
 Portfolio since: 2022

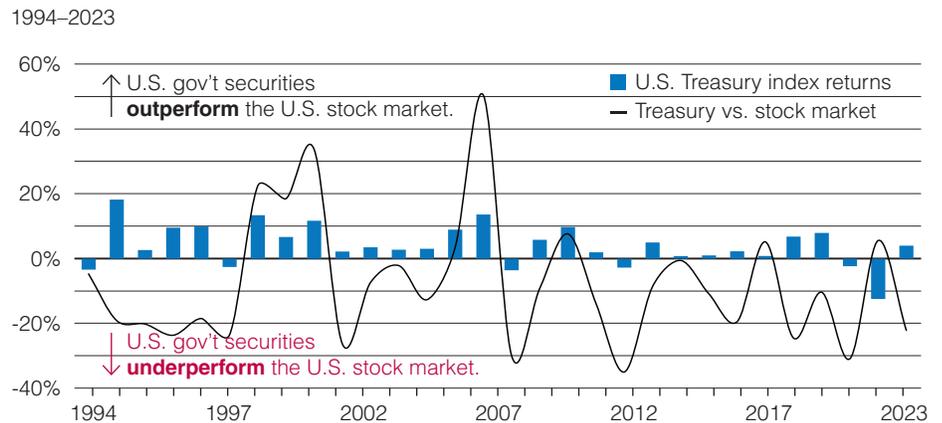
“While we are experts in the government and securitized sectors, we also collaborate with our experienced analysts to understand specific securities as well as with other portfolio managers to understand other sectors, which helps inform our views on the broader economy.”

U.S. government securities may help diversify your portfolio over time

The graph to the right shows the returns of U.S. government securities (bars) as well as their returns relative to the broad U.S. stock market (lines). U.S. government securities are represented by the Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Index,¹ while the U.S. stock market is represented by the S&P 500® Index.² While U.S. government securities typically underperform the U.S. stock market, they have had positive returns most calendar years.

Even in years when government securities are underperforming the stock market, they may have positive returns. This is not surprising, considering the risk and reward characteristics of the two segments of the market. However, there are years when government securities have outperformed the stock market as well. This dynamic between government securities and the stock market suggests that pairing government securities and other asset classes, like U.S. stocks, may result in a more diversified portfolio.

U.S. government securities' returns over time & relative to stock market



This index performance is not indicative of the Portfolio's past or future performance. Source: Morningstar
For Portfolio performance, visit thriventportfolios.com.

U.S. government securities' performance

1994–2023

Calendar year returns

⊖ 6 negative ⊕ 24 positive

Calendar year returns relative to stock market

⊕ Outperformed 8 years ⊖ Underperformed 22 years

Any indexes shown are unmanaged and do not reflect the typical costs of investing. Investors cannot invest directly in an index.

¹**Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Index** measures the performance of the public debt obligations of the U.S. Treasury with remaining maturities of one year or more.

²**S&P 500® Index** is a market-cap weighted index that represents the average performance of a group of 500 large-capitalization stocks.

Risks: U.S. government securities may not be fully guaranteed by the U.S. government and issues may not have the funds to meet their payment obligations. The value of U.S. government securities may be affected by changes in credit ratings, which may be negatively impacted by rising national debt. The value of mortgage-related and other asset-backed securities will be influenced by the factors affecting the housing market and the assets underlying such securities. Debt securities are subject to risks such as declining prices during periods of rising interest rates and credit risk, or the risk that an issuer may not pay its debt. The use of derivatives (such as futures) involves additional risks and transaction costs. Inflation-linked debt securities, such as TIPS, are subject to the effects of changes in market interest rates caused by factors other than inflation (real interest rates). Debt securities are subject to risks such as declining prices during periods of rising interest rates and credit risk, or the risk that an issuer may not pay its

debt. The Adviser's assessment of investments may prove incorrect, resulting in losses or poor performance. When bond inventories are low in relation to the market size, there is the potential for decreased liquidity and increased price volatility. The Portfolio's value is influenced by the performance of the broader market. The Portfolio's value is influenced by the performance of the broader market. The Portfolio may engage in active and frequent trading of portfolio securities, which may result in higher transaction costs and higher taxes. Sovereign debt securities are subject to additional risks. These and other risks are described in the prospectus.

Before investing, investors should consider carefully the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of a portfolio and the variable insurance product. This and other important information is contained in the portfolio and variable insurance product prospectuses, which may be obtained from a financial professional or by contacting the applicable insurance company. Read them carefully before investing.

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